

J.J. College of Arts and Science (Autonomous)**Department of Physics****Proposed Course Structure based on TANSCHÉ and UGC - LOCF****(Choice Based Credit System)****(Applicable for the Candidates admitted from academic year 2023-2024 Onwards)****M.Sc. Physics - Semester I**

Sl.No.	Course Code	Course	Overall Credits	Total Contact Hours/Week	Marks		
					CIA	ESE	Total
Semester I							
1	P1R3PHCC1	Mathematical Physics	5	7	25	75	100
2	P1R3PHCC2	Classical mechanics and Relativity	5	7	25	75	100
3	P1R3PHCC3P	Practical II - (Covering CC1, CC2)	4	6	40	60	100
4	P1R3PHDSE1	Physics of Nanoscience and Technology	3	5	25	75	100
5	P1R3PHDSE2	Advance Optics	3	5	25	75	100
Total			20	30			500

Semester II

Sl.No.	Course Code	Course	Overall Credits	Total Contact Hours/Week	Marks		
					CIA	ESE	Total
Semester II							
1	P2R3PHCC4	Statistical Mechanics	5	6	25	75	100
2	P2R3PHCC5	Quantum mechanics - I	5	6	25	75	100
3	P2R3PHCC6P	Practical II - (Covering CC4, CC5)	4	6	40	60	100
4	P2R3PHDSE3	Linear and Digital IC's and Applications	3	4	25	75	100
5	P2R3PHDSE4	Microprocessor 8085 and Microcontroller 8051	3	4	25	75	100
6	P2R3PHSEC1	Solid Waste Management (SWM)	2	4	25	75	100
Total			22	30			600

TITLE OF THE COURSE	:	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS
CATEGORY	:	CORE COURSE
COURSE CODE	:	P1R3PHCC1
NATURE OF SKILL	:	SKILL DEVELOPMENT
MARKS	:	CIA:25 +EXT:75 =100 HOURS/WEEK :07
CREDITS	:	05 TOTAL INST.HOURS :105

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand the concept in vector analysis
2. To extend their manipulative skills to apply mathematical techniques in their fields
3. To enhance problem solving the skills in Matrices.
4. To enable students to formulate, Laplace and Fourier Transform .
5. To help students apply Mathematics in solving problems of Physics

UNIT-1: LINEAR VECTOR SPACE (Inst. Hrs : 21)

Basic concepts – Definitions- examples of vector space – Linear independence - Scalar product- Orthogonality – Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure –linear operators – Dual space- ket and bra notation – orthogonal basis – change of basis – Isomorphism of vector space – projection operator –Eigen values and Eigen functions – Direct sum and invariant subspace – orthogonal transformations and rotation

UNIT-2: COMPLEX ANALYSIS (Inst. Hrs : 21)

Cauchy – Riemann conditions – Singular points – Cauchy's Integral Theorem and integral Formula -Taylor's Series - Laurent's Expansion- Zeros and poles – Residue theorem and its Application: Potential theory - (1) Electrostatic fields and complex potentials - Parallel plates and coaxial cylinders (2) Heat problems - Parallel plates and coaxial cylinders

UNIT-3: MATRICES (Inst. Hrs : 21)

Types of Matrices and their properties, Rank of a Matrix -Conjugate of a matrix - Adjoint of a matrix - Inverse of a matrix - Hermitian and Unitary Matrices -Trace of a matrix- Transformation of matrices - Characteristic equation - Eigen values and Eigen vectors - Cayley–Hamilton theorem –Diagonalization

UNIT-4: FOURIER TRANSFORMS & LAPLACE TRANSFORMS (Inst. Hrs : 21)

Definitions -Fourier transform and its inverse - Transform of Gaussian function and

Dirac delta function -Fourier transform of derivatives - Cosine and sine transforms - Convolution theorem. Application: **Diffusion equation: Flow of heat in an infinite and in a semi - infinite medium.**

Laplace transform and its inverse - **Transforms of derivatives and integrals – Differentiation and integration of transforms - Dirac delta functions** – Application,

UNIT-5:DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS **(Inst. Hrs : 21)**

Second order differential equation- Sturm-Liouville's theory - Series solution with simple examples - Hermite polynomials - **Generating function** - Orthogonality properties - **Recurrence relations** – Legendre polynomials - **Generating function** - Rodrigue formula – Orthogonality properties - **Dirac delta function.**

TEXT BOOKS

1. George Arfken and Hans J Weber, 2012, *Mathematical Methods for Physicists – A Comprehensive Guide* (7th edition), Academic press.
2. P.K. Chattopadhyay, 2013, *Mathematical Physics* (2nd edition), New Age, New Delhi
3. A W Joshi, 2017, *Matrices and Tensors in Physics*, 4th Edition (Paperback), New Age International Pvt. Ltd., India
4. B. D. Gupta, 2009, *Mathematical Physics* (4th edition), Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
5. H. K. Dass and Dr. Rama Verma, 2014, *Mathematical Physics*, Seventh Revised Edition, S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. E. Kreyszig, 1983, *Advanced Engineering Mathematics*, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi,
2. D. G. Zill and M. R. Cullen, 2006, *Advanced Engineering Mathematics*, 3rd Ed. Narosa, New Delhi.
3. S. Lipschutz, 1987, *Linear Algebra*, Schaum's Series, McGraw - Hill, New York 3. E. Butkov, 1968, *Mathematical Physics* Addison - Wesley, Reading, Massachusetts.
4. P. R. Halmos, 1965, *Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces*, 2nd Edition, Affiliated East West, New Delhi.
5. C. R. Wylie and L. C. Barrett, 1995, *Advanced Engineering Mathematics*, 6 th Edition, International Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York

WEB SOURCES

1. www.khanacademy.org
2. https://youtu.be/LZnRIOA1_2I
3. <http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hmat.html#hmath>
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_2jymuM7OUU&list=PLhkiT_RYTEU27vS_SI ED56gNjVJGO2qaZ
5. <https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106086/>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand use of bra-ket vector notation and explain the meaning of complete orthonormal set of basis vectors, and transformations and be able to apply them	K1, K2
CO2	Able to understand analytic functions, do complex integration, by applying Cauchy Integral Formula. Able to compute many real integrals and infinite sums via complex integration.	K2, K3
CO3	Analyze characteristics of matrices and its different types, and the process of diagonalization.	K4
CO4	Solve equations using Laplace transform and analyze the Fourier transformations of different function, grasp how these transformations can speed up analysis and correlate their importance in technology	K4, K5
CO5	To find the solutions for physical problems using linear differential equations and to solve boundary value problems using Green's function. Apply special functions in computation of solutions to real world problems	K2, K5
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

TITLE OF THE COURSE	:	CLASSICAL MECHANICS
CATEGORY	:	CORE COURSE
COURSE CODE	:	P1R3PHCC2
NATURE OF SKILL	:	SKILL DEVELOPMENT
MARKS	:	CIA:25 + Ext:75=100
		HOURS/WEEK : 7
CREDITS	:	5
		TOTAL INST. HOURS: 105

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand fundamentals of classical mechanics.
2. To understand Lagrangian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
3. To understand Hamiltonian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
4. To discuss the theory of small oscillations of a system.
5. To learn the relativistic formulation of mechanics of a system.

UNIT I: PRINCIPLES OF CLASSICAL MECHANICS (Inst. Hrs. : 21)

Mechanics of a single particle – mechanics of a system of particles – conservation laws for a system of particles – constraints – **holonomic & non-holonomic constraints** – generalized coordinates – **configuration space** – **transformation equations** – principle of virtual work.

UNIT II: LAGRANGIAN FORMULATION (Inst. Hrs. : 21)

D'Alembert's principle – **Lagrangian equations of motion for conservative systems** – applications: (i) **simple pendulum** (ii) Atwood's machine (iii) **projectile motion.**

UNIT III:HAMILTONIAN FORMULATION(Inst. Hrs. : 21)

Phase space – cyclic coordinates – **conjugate momentum** – **Hamiltonian function** – **Hamilton's canonical equations of motion** – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) one dimensional simple harmonic oscillator (iii) **motion of particle in a central force field.**

UNIT IV:SMALL OSCILLATIONS(Inst. Hrs. : 21)

Formulation of the problem – **transformation to normal coordinates** – frequencies of normal modes – **linear triatomic molecule.**

UNIT V:RELATIVITY(Inst. Hrs. : 21)

Inertial and non-inertial frames – Lorentz transformation equations – length contraction and time dilation – relativistic addition of velocities – Einstein's mass-energy relation – Minkowski's space – four vectors – position, velocity, momentum, acceleration and force in for vector-Inertial and non-inertial frames – Lorentz transformation equations – length contraction and time dilation – relativistic addition of velocities – Einstein's mass-energy relation – Minkowski's space – four vectors – position, velocity, momentum, acceleration and force in for vector

TEXT BOOKS

1. H. Goldstein, 2002, *Classical Mechanics*, 3rd Edition, Pearson Edu.
2. J. C. Upadhyaya, *Classical Mechanics*, Himalaya Publishing. Co. New Delhi.
3. R. Resnick, 1968, *Introduction to Special Theory of Relativity*, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi.
4. R. G. Takwala and P.S. Puranik, *Introduction to Classical Mechanics* –Tata – McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1980.
5. N. C. Rana and P.S. Joag, *Classical Mechanics* - Tata McGraw Hill, 2001

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. K. R. Symon, 1971, *Mechanics*, Addison Wesley, London.
2. S. N. Biswas, 1999, *Classical Mechanics*, Books & Allied, Kolkata.
3. Gupta and Kumar, *Classical Mechanics*, KedarNath.
4. T.W.B. Kibble, *Classical Mechanics*, ELBS.
5. Greenwood, *Classical Dynamics*, PHI, New Delhi.

WEB SOURCES

1. http://poincare.matf.bg.ac.rs/~zarkom/Book_Mechanics_Goldstein_Classical_Mechanics_optimized.pdf
2. <https://pdfcoffee.com/classical-mechanics-j-c-upadhyay-2014-editionpdf-pdf-free.html>
<https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106027/>
4. <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-09-classical-mechanics-iii-fall-2014/lecture-notes/>
5. <https://www.britannica.com/science/relativistic-mechanics>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of classical mechanics.	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3
CO3	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3, K5
CO4	Analyze the small oscillations in systems and determine their normal modes of oscillations.	K4, K5
CO5	Understand and apply the principles of relativistic kinematics to the mechanical systems.	K2, K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2

TITLE OF THE COURSE : PRACTICAL- I

CATEGORY : CORE COURSE

COURSE CODE : PIR3PHCC3P

NATURE OF SKILL : SKILL DEVELOPMENT

MARKS : CIA:40 + Ext:60=100 HOURS/WEEK : 06

CREDITS : 04 TOTAL INST. HOURS : 90

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
2. To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
3. To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.
4. To study about the multivibrator circuit.
5. To understand the basic concepts of semiconductor device.

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Hyperbolic fringes - Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Viscosity of the given liquid – Meyer's disc
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. B-H loop using Anchor ring.
5. Determination of Thickness of the enamel coating on a wire by diffraction
6. Determination of Rydberg's Constant - Hydrogen Spectrum
7. FP Etalon
8. Determination of Thickness of air film. - Solar spectrum – Hartmann's formula. Edser and Butler fringes.
9. Measurement of Band gap energy- Thermistor
10. Determination of Planck Constant – LED Method
11. Determination of Specific charge of an electron – Thomson's method.
12. Determination of Compressibility of a liquid using Ultrasonics
13. Determination of Wavelength, Separation of wavelengths - Michelson Interferometer
14. GM counter – Characteristics, inverse square law and absorption coefficient.
15. Measurement of Conductivity - Four probe method.

16. Arc spectrum – Iron.
17. Molecular spectra – AIO band.
18. Measurement of wavelength of Diode Laser / He – Ne Laser using Diffraction grating.
19. Determination of Diffraction pattern of light with circular aperture using Diode/He-Ne laser.
20. Study the beam divergence, spot size and intensity profile of Diode/He-Ne laser.
21. Measurements of Standing wave and standing wave co-efficient, Law of Inverse square, Receiver end transmitter behavior, Radiation Pattern - Microwave test bench
22. UV-Visible spectroscopy – Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and identification of wavelength maxima – Extinction coefficient
- 23 Construction of relaxation oscillator using UJT
- 24 FET CS amplifier- Frequency response, input impedance, output impedance
- 25 Study of important electrical characteristics of IC741.
- 27 V- I Characteristics of different colours of LED.
- 28 Study of attenuation characteristics of Wien's bridge network and design of Wien's bridge oscillator using Op-Amp.
- 29 Study of attenuation characteristics of Phase shift network and design of Phase shift oscillator using Op-Amp.
- 30 Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC 741 for a given hysteresis-application as squarer.
- 31 Construction of square wave Triangular wave generator using IC 741
- 32 Construction of a quadrature wave using IC 324
33. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 741 – application as frequency divider
34. Construction of Op-Amp- 4 bit Digital to Analog converter (Binary Weighted and R/2R ladder type)
35. Study of Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code conversion.
36. Study of R-S, clocked R-S and D-Flip flop using NAND gates
37. Study of J-K, D and T flip flops using IC 7476/7473
38. Arithmetic operations using IC 7483- 4-bit binary addition and subtraction.
39. Study of Arithmetic logic unit using IC 74181.
- Construction of Encoder and Decoder circuits using Ics

TEXT BOOKS

1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, PragatiPrakasan.
2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics- Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences.
3. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi.
4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing.
5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern Economy Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, PragatiPrakasan.
2. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhyay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd
3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition.
4. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R.S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd.
5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus.	K2
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behaviour of the materials.	K1
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	K2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	K1, K3
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K3, K5
CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	K4
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers.	K4
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logical circuits using IC's	K2
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	K1
CO10	Analyze the applications of counters and registers	K4
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO7	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

TITLE OF THE COURSE	:	PHYSICS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
CATEGORY	:	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE
COURSE CODE	:	P1R3PHDSE1
NATURE OF SKILL	:	EMPLOYABILITY
MARKS	:	CIA:25 +Ext:75=100
		HOURS/WEEK : 05
CREDITS	:	03
		TOTAL INST.HOURS : 75

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To understand the fundamentals, nucleation and kinetics of nanoparticles.
2. To learn the structures and properties of nanomaterials.
3. To understand the basic concept of synthesis of nano materials
4. To provide the basic knowledge about nanoscience and technology.
5. To acquire knowledge in various applications of nano materials

UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (Inst.Hrs.:15)

Fundamentals of NANO – Historical Perspective on Nanomaterial and Nanotechnology – Classification of Nanomaterials – Metal and Semiconductor Nanomaterials - 2D, 1D, 0D nanostructured materials - Quantum dots – Quantum wires – Quantum wells - Surface effects of nanomaterials.

UNIT II: PROPERTIES OF NANOMATERIALS(Inst.Hrs.:15)

Physical properties of Nanomaterials: Melting points, specific heat capacity, and lattice constant – Mechanical behavior:Elastic properties – strength - ductility - superplastic behavior - Optical properties: - Surface Plasmon Resonance – Quantum size effects - Electrical properties - Conductivity, Ferroelectrics and dielectrics - Magnetic properties – super para magnetism – Diluted magnetic semiconductor (DMS).

UNIT III: SYNTHESIS AND FABRICATION (Inst.Hrs.:15)

Physical vapour deposition - Chemical vapour deposition - sol-gel – Wet deposition techniques - electrochemical deposition method – Plasma arching - Electrospinning method - ball milling technique - pulsed laser deposition - Nanolithography: photolithography – Nanomanipulator.

UNIT IV: CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES(Inst.Hrs.:15)

Powder X-ray diffraction – X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) - UV-visible spectroscopy – Photoluminescence - **Scanning electron microscopy (SEM)** - **Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)** - **Scanning probe microscopy (SPM)** - Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) – **Vibrating sample Magnetometer**.

UNIT V: APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS (Inst.Hrs.:15)

Sensors: Nanosensors based on optical and physical properties - Electrochemical sensors – **Nano-biosensors**. Nano Electronics: Nanobots - **display screens** - **GMR read/write heads** - **Carbon Nanotube Emitters** – Photocatalytic application: **Air purification, water purification** -Medicine: **Imaging of cancer cells** – biological tags - **drug delivery** - **photodynamic therapy** - Energy: **fuel cells** - **rechargeable batteries** -**supercapacitors**– **photovoltaics**,

TEXT BOOKS

1. A textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Pradeep T., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. (2012)
- 2.Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, M.A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad, Narosa Publishing House Pvt Ltd., (2010).
- 3.Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, K. K. Chattopadhyay and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, (2012).
- 4.Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press, (2002).
5. Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics, D.P. Kothari, V.Velmurugan and Rajit Ram Singh, Narosa Publishing House Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi. (2018)

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials – HuozhongGao – Imperial College Press (2004).
2. Richard Booker and Earl Boysen, (2005) Nanotechnology, Wiley Publishing Inc. USA
3. Nano particles and Nano structured films; Preparation, Characterization and Applications, J.H.Fendler John Wiley and Sons. (2007)
4. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, B.S.Murty, et al., Universities Press. (2012)
5. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials – HuozhongGao – Imperial College Press (2004).
6. Nanostructures and Nanomaterials – HuozhongGao – Imperial College Press (2004).

WEB SOURCES

1. www.its.caltec.edu/feyman/plenty.html
2. <http://www.library.ualberta.ca/subject/nanoscience/guide/index.cfm>
3. <http://www.understandingnano.com>
4. <http://www.nano.gov>
5. <http://www.nanotechnology.com>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basic of nanoscience and explore the different types of nanomaterials and should comprehend the surface effects of the nanomaterials.	K1, K2
CO2	Explore various physical, mechanical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties of nanomaterials.	K1
CO3	Understand the process and mechanism of synthesis and fabrication of nanomaterials.	K2, K3
CO4	Analyze the various characterization of Nano-products through diffraction, spectroscopic, microscopic and other techniques.	K4
CO5	Apply the concepts of nanoscience and technology in the field of sensors, robotics, purification of air and water and in the energy devices.	K3
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;		

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

TITLE OF THE COURSE	: ADVANCED OPTICS		
CATEGORY	: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE		
	COURSE		
COURSE CODE	: P1R3PHDSE2		
NATURE OF SKILL	: SKILL DEVELOPMENT		
MARKS	: CIA:25+Ext:25=100	HOURS WEEK	: 05
CREDIT	: 3	TOTAL INST HOURS	: 75

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

1. To know the concepts behind polarization and could pursue research work on application aspects of laser
2. To impart an extensive understanding of fiber and non-linear optics
3. To study the working of different types of LASERS
4. To differentiate first and second harmonic generation
5. Learn the principles of magneto-optic and electro-optic effects and its applications

UNIT 1:POLARIZATION AND DOUBLE REFRACTION (Inst. Hrs. : 15)

Classification of polarization – Transverse character of light waves – Polarizer and analyzer – Malu’s law – **Production of polarized light** – Wire grid polarizer and the polaroid – Polarization by reflection – **Polarization by double refraction** – Polarization by scattering – The phenomenon of double refraction – **Normal and oblique incidence** – **Interference of polarized light: Quarter and half wave plates** – Analysis of polarized light – **Optical activity.**

UNIT II:LASERS (Inst. Hrs. : 15)

Basic principles – **Spontaneous and stimulated emissions** – Components of the laser – Resonator and lasing action – **Types of lasers and its applications** – Solid state lasers – **Ruby laser** – **Nd:YAG laser** – gas lasers – **He-Ne laser** – **CO₂ laser** – Chemical lasers – **HCl laser** – **Semiconductor laser.**

UNIT III:FIBER OPTICS (Inst. Hrs. : 15)

Introduction – **Total internal reflection** – **The optical fiber** – **Glass fibers** – **The coherent bundle** – The numerical aperture – **Attenuation in optical fibers** – **Single and multi-mode fibers** – **Pulse dispersion in multimode optical fibers** – Ray dispersion in multimode step index fibers – **Parabolic-index fibers** – **Fiber-optic sensors: precision displacement sensor** – **Precision vibration sensor.**

UNIT IV:NON-LINEAR OPTICS

(Inst. Hrs. : 15)

Basic principles – Harmonic generation – Second harmonic generation – Phase matching – Third harmonic generation – Optical mixing – Parametric generation of light – Self-focusing of light.

UNIT V:MAGNETO-OPTICS AND ELECTRO-OPTICS

(Inst. Hrs. : 15)

Magneto-optical effects – Zeeman effect – Inverse Zeeman effect – Faraday effect – Voigt effect – Cotton-mouton effect – Kerr magneto-optic effect – Electro-optical effects – Stark effect – Inverse stark effect – Electric double refraction – Kerr electro-optic effect – Pockels electro-optic effect.

TEXT BOOKS

1. B. B. Laud, 2017, Lasers and Non – Linear Optics, 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd.
2. AjoyGhatak, 2017, Optics, 6th Edition, McGraw – Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.
3. William T. Silfvast, 1996, Laser Fundamentals Cambridge University Press, New York
4. J. Peatros, Physics of Light and Optics, a good (and free!) electronic book
- 5.B. Saleh, and M. Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, Wiley-Interscience,

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. F. S. Jenkins and H. E. White, 1981, Fundamentals of Optics, (4th Edition), McGraw – Hill International Edition.
2. Dieter Meschede, 2004, Optics, Light and Lasers, Wiley – VCH, Varley GmbH.
3. Lipson, S. G. Lipson and H. Lipson, 2011, Optical Physics, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
4. Y. B. Band, Light and Matter, Wiley and Sons (2006)
5. R. Guenther, Modern Optics, Wiley and Sons (1990)

WEB SOURCES

1. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WgzynezPiyc>
2. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ShQWwobpW60>
3. <https://www.ukessays.com/essays/physics/fiber-optics-and-it-applications.php>
4. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0kEvr4DKGRI>
5. <http://optics.byu.edu/textbook.aspx>

Title of the Course	:	STATISTICAL MECHANICS
Category	:	Core Course
Course Code	:	P2R3PHCC4
Nature of Skill	:	Skill Development
Marks : CIA : 25 + Ext: = 75 = 100	:	Hrs / Week : 06
Credits : 05		Total Inst. Hrs : 90

Course Objectives

1. To acquire the knowledge of thermodynamic potentials and to understand phase transition in thermodynamics
2. To identify the relationship between statistic and thermodynamic quantities
3. To comprehend the concept of partition function, canonical and grand canonical ensembles
4. To grasp the fundamental knowledge about the three types of Statistics.
5. To get in depth knowledge about phase transitions and fluctuation of thermodynamic properties that vary with time.

UNIT I: PHASE TRANSITIONS (Inst. Hrs: 18)

Thermodynamic potentials - Phase Equilibrium - Gibb's phase rule - Phase transitions and Ehrenfest's classifications - **Third law of Thermodynamics.** Order parameters - **Landau's theory of phase transition - Critical indices - Scale transformations and dimensional analysis.**

UNIT II: STATISTICAL MECHANICS AND THERMODYNAMICS (Inst. Hrs: 18)

Foundations of statistical mechanics - Specification of states of a system - Micro canonical ensemble - **Phase space** - **Entropy** - **Connection between statistics and thermodynamics** - Entropy of an ideal gas using the micro canonical ensemble - **Entropy of mixing and Gibb's paradox.**

UNIT III: CANONICAL AND GRAND CANONICAL ENSEMBLES (Inst. Hrs: 18)

Trajectories and density of states - **Liouville's theorem** - **Canonical and grand canonical ensembles** - Partition function - Calculation of statistical quantities - **Energy and**

density fluctuations.

UNIT IV: CLASSICAL AND QUANTUM STATISTICS

(Inst. Hrs:

18)

Density matrix - Statistics of ensembles - Statistics of indistinguishable particles - Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics - Fermi-Dirac statistics – Ideal Fermi gas – Degeneracy - Bose-Einstein statistics - Plank radiation formula - Ideal Bose gas - Bose-Einstein condensation.

UNIT V: REAL GAS, ISING MODEL AND FLUCTUATIONS

(Inst. Hrs:

18)

Cluster expansion for a classical gas - Virial equation of state – Calculation of the first Virial coefficient in the cluster expansion - Ising model - Mean-field theories of the Ising model in three, two and one dimensions - Exact solutions in one dimension. Correlation of space-time dependent fluctuations - Fluctuations and transport phenomena - Brownian motion - Langevin's theory - Fluctuation-dissipation theorem - The Fokker-Planck equation.

TEXT BOOKS

1. S. K. Sinha, 1990, *Statistical Mechanics*, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
2. B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner, 1998, *Statistical Mechanics*, Second Edition New Age International, New Delhi.
3. J. K. Bhattacharjee, 1996, *Statistical Mechanics: An Introductory Text*, Allied Publication, New Delhi.
4. F. Reif, 1965, *Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics*, McGraw -Hill, New York.
5. M. K. Zemansky, 1968, *Heat and Thermodynamics*, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill New York.
- 6.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. R. K. Pathria, 1996, *Statistical Mechanics*, 2nd edition, Butter WorthHeinemann, New Delhi.
2. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1969, *Statistical Physics*, Pergamon Press, Oxford.
3. K. Huang, 2002, *Statistical Mechanics*, Taylor and Francis, London
4. W. Greiner, L. Neise and H. Stoecker, *Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics*, Springer Verlang, New York.
5. A. B. Gupta, H. Roy, 2002, *Thermal Physics*, Books and Allied, Kolkata.

WEB SOURCES

1. <https://byjus.com/chemistry/third-law-of-thermodynamics/>
2. <https://web.stanford.edu/~peastman/statmech/thermodynamics.html>
3. https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Statistical_mechanics_and_thermodynamics
4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Grand_canonical_ensemble
5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ising_model

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1- To examine and elaborate the effect of changes in thermodynamic quantities on the states of matter during phase transition. **K5**

CO2- To analyze the macroscopic properties such as pressure, volume, temperature, specific heat, elastic moduli etc. using microscopic properties like intermolecular forces, chemical bonding, atomicity etc. Describe the peculiar behaviour of the entropy by mixing two gases. Justify the connection between statistics and thermodynamic quantities. **K4**

CO3- Differentiate between canonical and grand canonical ensembles and to interpret the relation between thermodynamical quantities and partition function. **K1**

CO4- To recall and apply the different statistical concepts to analyze the behaviour of ideal Fermi gas and ideal Bose gas and also to compare and distinguish between the three types of statistics. **K4, K5**

CO5- To discuss and examine the thermodynamical behaviour of gases under fluctuation and also using Ising model. **K3**

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

Title of the Course	:	QUANTUM MECHANICS – I
Category	:	Core Course
Course Code	:	P2R3PHCC5
Nature of Skill	:	Skill Development
Marks : CIA : 25 + Ext: = 75 = 100	:	Hrs / Week : 06
Credits : 05		Total Inst. Hrs : 90

Course Objectives

1. To develop the physical principles and the mathematical background important to quantum mechanical descriptions.
2. To describe the propagation of a particle in a simple, one-dimensional potential.
3. To formulate and solve the Schrodinger's equation to obtain eigenvectors and energies for particle in a three-dimensional potential.
4. To explain the mathematical formalism and the significance of constants of motion, and see their relation to fundamental symmetries in nature
5. To discuss the Approximation methods like perturbation theory, Variational and WKB methods for solving the Schrödinger equation.

UNIT I: BASIC FORMALISM

(Inst. Hrs: 18)

Interpretation of the wave function – Time dependent Schrodinger equation – Time independent Schrodinger equation – Stationary states – Ehrenfest's theorem – Linear vector space – Linear operator – Eigen functions and Eigen Values – Hermitian Operator – Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – General Uncertainty relation.

UNIT II: ONE DIMENSIONAL AND THREE-DIMENSIONAL ENERGY EIGEN VALUE PROBLEMS

(Inst. Hrs: 18)

Square – well potential with rigid walls – Square well potential with finite walls – Square potential barrier – Alpha emission – Bloch waves in a periodic potential – Kronig-penny square – well periodic potential – Linear harmonic oscillator: Operator method – System of two interacting particle – Hydrogen atom – Rigid rotator

UNIT III: GENERAL FORMALISM

(Inst. Hrs: 18)

Dirac notation – Equations of motions – Schrodinger representation – Heisenberg representation – Interaction representation – Coordinate representation – Momentum

representation – Symmetries and conservation laws – Unitary transformation – Parity and time reversal

UNIT IV: APPROXIMATION METHODS (Inst. Hrs: 18)

Time independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate energy levels – Degenerate energy levels – Stark effect in Hydrogen atom – Ground and excited state – Variation method – Helium atom – WKB approximation.

UNIT V: ANGULAR MOMENTUM (Inst. Hrs: 18)

Eigenvalue spectrum of general angular momentum – Ladder operators and their algebra – Matrix representation – Spin angular momentum – Addition of angular momenta – CG Coefficients – Symmetry and anti-symmetry of wave functions – Construction of wave-functions and Pauli's exclusion principle.

TEXT BOOKS

1. P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition (37th Reprint), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
2. G. Aruldas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009.
3. David J Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. 4th edition, Pearson, 2011.
4. SL Gupta and ID Gupta, Advanced Quantum Theory and Fields, 1st Edition, S.Chand & Co., New Delhi, 1982.
5. A. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4th Edition, Macmillan, India, 1984.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970.
2. V. K. Thankappan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1985.
3. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics, 1st edition, Pergomon Press, Oxford, 1976.
4. S. N. Biswas, Quantum Mechanics, Books and Allied Ltd., Kolkata, 1999.
5. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Alpha Science International Ltd, Oxford, 2011.

WEB SOURCES

1. http://research.chem.psu.edu/lxjgroup/download_files/chem565-c7.pdf
2. http://www.feynmanlectures.caltech.edu/III_20.html

3. <http://web.mit.edu/8.05/handouts/jaffe1.pdf>
4. https://hepwww.pp.rl.ac.uk/users/haywood/Group_Theory_Lectures/Lecture_1.pdf
5. <https://theory.physics.manchester.ac.uk/~xian/qm/chapter3.pdf>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1- Demonstrates a clear understanding of the basic postulates of quantum mechanics which serve to formalize the rules of quantum Mechanics. **K1, K5**

CO2- Is able to apply and analyze the Schrodinger equation to solve one dimensional problems and three dimensional problems. **K3, K4**

CO3- Can discuss the various representations, space time symmetries and formulations of time evolution. **K1**

CO4- Can formulate and analyze the approximation methods for various quantum mechanical problems. **K4, K5**

CO5- To apply non-commutative algebra for topics such as angular and spin angular momentum and hence explain spectral line splitting. **K3, K4**

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

Title of the Course	:	MAJOR PRACTICAL II
Category	:	Core Course
Course Code	:	P2R3PHCC6P
Nature of Skill	:	Skill Development
Marks : CIA : 40 + Ext: = 60 = 100	:	Hrs / Week : 06
Credits : 04		Total Inst. Hrs : 90

Course Objectives

1. To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
2. To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
3. To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.
4. To observe the applications of FET and UJT.
5. To study the different applications of operational amplifier circuits.
6. To learn about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits

(Any Twelve Experiments)

1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Elliptical fringes - Cornu's Method
2. Determination of Stefan's constant of radiation from a hot body
3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
4. Measurement of Susceptibility of liquid - Quincke's method
5. B-H curve using CRO
6. Measurement of Magnetic Susceptibility - Guoy's method
7. LG Plate
8. Arc spectrum: Copper
9. Determination of Solar constant
10. Determination of e/m - Millikan's method
11. Miscibility measurements using ultrasonic diffraction method
12. Determination of Thickness of thin film. - Michelson Interferometer
13. GM counter – Feather's analysis: Range of Beta rays
14. Iodine absorption spectra
15. Molecular spectra – CN bands
16. Determination of Refractive index of liquids using diode Laser/ He – Ne Laser

17. Determination of Numerical Apertures and Acceptance angle of optical fibers using Laser Source.
18. Measurement of Dielectricity - Microwave test bench
19. Hall Effect in Semiconductor. Determine the Hall coefficient, carrier concentration and carrier mobility
20. Interpretation of vibrational spectra of a given material
21. Determination of I-V Characteristics and efficiency of solar cell.
22. IC 7490 as scalar and seven segment display using IC7447
23. Solving simultaneous equations – IC 741 / IC LM324
24. Op-Amp –Active filters: Low pass, High pass and Band pass filters (Second Order) Butter worth filter
25. Construction of Current to Voltage and Voltage to Current Conversion using IC 741.
26. Construction of second order butter worth multiple feedback narrow band pass filter
27. Realization of analog to digital converter (ADC) using 4-bit DAC and synchronous counter IC74193
28. Construction of square wave generator using IC 555 – Study of VCO
29. Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC555 for a given hysteresis – Application as squarer
30. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 555 – Application as frequency divider
31. BCD to Excess- 3 and Excess 3 to BCD code conversion
32. Study of binary up / down counters - IC 7476 / IC7473
33. Shift register and Ring counter and Johnson counter- IC 7476/IC 7474
34. Study of synchronous parallel 4-bit binary up/down counter using IC 74193
35. Study of asynchronous parallel 4-bit binary up/down counter using IC 7493
36. Study of Modulus Counter
37. Construction of Multiplexer and Demultiplexer using ICs.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakasan
2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics- Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan
K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences

3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition.
4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing
5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern Economy Edition.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D. Chattopadhyay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd
2. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, Pragati Prakasan
3. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R. S. Sirohi, John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. ltd
4. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing.
5. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S. Poornachandra, B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1- Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus. **K2**
- CO2- Acquire knowledge of thermal behaviour of the materials. **K1**
- CO3- Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments. **K2**
- CO4- Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser. **K1**
- CO5- Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments. **K4**
- CO6- Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT. **K5**
- CO7- Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers. **K4**
- CO8- Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logical circuits using IC's. **K2**
- CO9- Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits. **K3**
- CO10- Analyze the applications of counters and registers. **K4**

Title of the Course	:	LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs AND APPLICATIONS
Category	:	Discipline specific elective
Course Code	:	P2R3PHDSE3
Nature of Skill	:	Employability
Marks : CIA : 25 + Ext: = 75 = 100	:	Hrs / Week : 04
Credits : 03		Total Inst. Hrs : 60

Course Objectives

1. To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
2. To teach the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers.
3. To introduce the theory and applications of PLL.
4. To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce one special function ICs.
5. Exposure to digital IC's

UNIT I: INTEGRATED CIRCUITS AND OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER (Inst. Hrs: 15)

Introduction, Classification of IC's, basic information of Op-Amp 741 and its features, the ideal Operational amplifier – and its Application

UNIT II:APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP (Inst. Hrs: 15)

LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Solution to simultaneous equations and differential equations, Instrumentation amplifiers, V to I and I to V converters.

NON-LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP:

Sample and Hold circuit, Log and Antilog amplifierComparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, Triangular and Square waveform generators.

UNIT III:ACTIVE FILTERS & TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS (Inst. Hrs: 15)

ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters – low pass and high pass filters, band pass, band reject filters.

TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS: Introduction to IC 555 timer, description of functional diagram, monostable and Astable operations Schmitt trigger, PLL - introduction, basic principle, phase detector/detector voltage controlled oscillator (IC 566).

UNIT IV: VOLTAGE REGULATOR & D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS (Inst. Hrs: 15)

VOLTAGE REGULATOR: Introduction, Series Op-Amp regulator, IC Voltage Regulators, Switching Regulator.

D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS: Introduction, basic DAC techniques -weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC, DAC, A to D converters -parallel comparator type ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation ADC

UNIT V: CMOS LOGIC, COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs & SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs (Inst. Hrs: 15)

CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic CMOS Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-INVERT and OR-AND-INVERT gates,.

COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Study of logic gates using 74XX ICs, Comparator (IC 7485), Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154),BCD to 7-segment decoder (IC7447), Encoder (IC74147), Multiplexer (IC74151), Demultiplexer (IC 74154). **SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs:** Flip Flops (IC 7474, IC 7473), Shift Registers, 4- bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).

TEXT BOOKS

1. D. Roy Choudhury, Shail B. Jain (2012), Linear Integrated Circuit, 4th edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India
2. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, (2012), OP-AMP and Linear Integrated Circuits, 4th edition, Prentice Hall / Pearson Education, New Delhi.
3. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, 2004, A Textbook of Electrical technology, S. Chand & Co.
4. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, 2008, Principles of Electronics, S. Chand & Co, 12th Edition.
5. V. Vijayendran, 2008, Introduction to Integrated electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan Printers & Publishers Private Ltd, Reprint. V

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Sergio Franco (1997), Design with operational amplifiers and analog integrated circuits, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
2. Gray, Meyer (1995), Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, Wiley International, New Delhi.
3. Malvino and Leach (2005), Digital Principles and Applications 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi
4. Floyd, Jain (2009), Digital Fundamentals, 8th edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

5. Integrated Electronics, Millman & Halkias, Tata McGraw Hill, 17th Reprint (2000)

WEB SOURCES

1. [https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/digital circuits/](https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/digital%20circuits/)
2. [https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/electronics/operational amplifier/](https://nptel.ac.in/course.html/electronics/operational%20amplifier/)
3. <https://www.allaboutcircuits.com/textbook/semiconductors/chpt-7/field-effect-controlled-thyristors/>
4. <https://www.electrical4u.com/applications-of-op-amp/>
5. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/digital-electronics-logic-design-tutorials/>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to

CO1- Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve problems. **K1, K5**

CO2- Develop skills to design linear and non-linear applications circuits using Op-Amp and design the active filters circuits. **K3**

CO3- Gain knowledge about PLL, and develop the skills to design the simple circuits using IC 555 timer and can solve problems related to it. **K1, K3**

CO4- Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A converters. **K2**

CO5- Acquire the knowledge about the CMOS logic, combinational and sequential circuits. **K1, K4**

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

Title of the Course	:	MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051
Category	:	Discipline specific elective
Course Code	:	P2R3PHDSE4
Nature of Skill	:	Employability
Marks : CIA : 25 + Ext: = 75 = 100	:	Hrs / Week : 04
Credits : 03		Total Inst. Hrs : 60

Course Objectives

1. To Understand the Microprocessor architecture and functioning of microprocessor 8085
2. To understand the methods of interfacing I/O devices and memory to microprocessor.
3. To introduce 8085A programming and applications
4. To understand the architecture and instruction sets of microcontroller 8051
5. To understand the assembly language program of the microcontroller

UNIT I: 8085 PROGRAMMING, PERIPHERAL DEVICES AND THEIR INTERFACING

(Inst. Hrs: 15)

Instruction set - Addressing modes - Programming techniques - Memory mapped I/O scheme- I/O mapped I/O scheme - Memory and I/O interfacing- Data transfer schemes - Interrupts of 8085 - Programmable peripheral interface (PPI) - Control group and control word- Programmable DMA controller - Programmable interrupt controller – Programmable communication interface - Programmable counter /interval timer.

UNIT II:8085 INTERFACING APPLICATIONS

(Inst. Hrs:

15)

Seven segment display interface - Interfacing of Digital to Analog converter and Analog to Digital converter - Stepper motor interface - Measurement of electrical quantities –Voltage and current) Measurement of physical quantities (Temperature an strain).

UNIT III:8051 MICROCONTROLLER HARDWARE

(Inst. Hrs:

15)

Introduction – Features of 8051 – 8051 Microcontroller Hardware: Pin-out 8051, Central Processing Unit (CPU), internal RAM, Internal ROM, Register set of 8051 – Memory organization of 8051 – Input/ Output pins, Ports and Circuits – External data memory and program memory: External program memory, External data memory.

UNIT IV: 8051 INSTRUCTION SET AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING

(Inst. Hrs: 15)

Addressing modes – Data moving (Data transfer) instructions: Instructions to Access external data memory, external ROM / program memory, **PUSH and POP instructions, Data exchange instructions** – Logical instructions: byte and bit level logical operations, **Rotate and swap operations** – Arithmetic instructions: Flags, Incrementing and decrementing, **Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and division, Decimal arithmetic** – **Jump and CALL instructions: Jump and Call program range, Jump, Call and subroutines** – **Programming**.

UNIT V: INTERRUPT PROGRAMMING AND INTERFACING TO EXTERNAL WORLD

(Inst. Hrs:

15)

8051 Interrupts – Interrupt vector table – Enabling and disabling an interrupt – Timer interrupts and programming – **Programming external hardware interrupts** – Serial communication interrupts and programming – **Interrupt priority in the 8051 : Nested interrupts** , **Software triggering of interrupt. LED Interface Seven segment display interface- Interfacing of Digital to Analog converter and Analog to Digital converter - Stepper motor interface - Measurement of electrical quantities** – Voltage and current) Measurement of physical quantities(Temperature and strain).

TEXT BOOKS

1. A. NagoorKani, Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, RBA Publications (2009).
2. A. P. Godse and D. A. Godse, Microprocessors, Technical Publications, Pune (2009).
3. Ramesh Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8085, Penram International Publishing (2013).
4. B. Ram, Fundamentals of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, DhanpatRai publications New Delhi (2016).
5. V. Vijayendran, 2005, Fundamentals of Microprocessor-8085”, 3rd Edition S.Visvanathan Pvt, Ltd.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing programming and Hardware, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications (2008)
2. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice GillispieMazidi, Rolin D. Mckinlay, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Pearson Education (2008).
3. Barry B. Brey, 1995, The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088, 80186, 80286, 80386 and 80486, 3rd Edition, Prentice- Hall of India, New Delhi.
4. J. Uffrenbeck, “The 8086/8088 Family-Design, Programming and Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications”, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.

- W. A. Tribel, Avtar Singh, “The 8086/8088 Microprocessors: Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications”, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.

WEB SOURCES

- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/microprocessor_8085_architecture.html
- <http://www.electronicengineering.nbcafe.in/peripheral-mapped-io-interfacing/>
- <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/programmable-peripheral-interface-8255/>
- <http://www.circuitstoday.com/8051-microcontroller>
- <https://www.elprocus.com/8051-assembly-language-programming/>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1- Gain knowledge of architecture and working of 8085 microprocessor. **K1**

CO2- Get knowledge of architecture and working of 8051 Microcontroller. **K1**

CO3- Be able to write simple assembly language programs for 8085A microprocessor. **K2, K3**

CO4- Able to write simple assembly language programs for 8051 Microcontroller. **K3, K4**

CO5- Understand the different applications of microprocessor and microcontroller. **K3, K5**

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1

Title of the Course	:	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT
Category	:	Skill Enhancement Course
Course Code	:	P2R3PHSEC1
Nature of Skill	:	Entrepreneurship
Marks : CIA : 25 + Ext: = 75 = 100	:	Hrs / Week : 04
Credits : 02		Total Inst. Hrs : 60

Course Objectives

1. To gain basic knowledge in solid waste management procedures
2. To gain industry exposure and be equipped to take up a job.
3. To harness entrepreneurial skills.
4. To analyze the status of solid waste management in the nearby areas.
5. To sensitize the importance of healthy practices in waste managements

UNIT I:SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT (Inst. Hrs: 15)

Introduction - Definition of solid waste - Types – Hazardous Waste: Resource conservation and Renewal act – Hazardous Waste: Municipal Solid waste and non-municipal solid waste.

UNIT II:SOLID WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Inst. Hrs: 15)

Solid Waste Characteristics: Physical and chemical characteristics - SWM hierarchy - factors affecting SW generation

UNIT III:TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT (Inst. Hrs: 15)

Tools and equipment - Transportation - Disposal techniques - Composting and land filling technique

UNIT IV:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (Inst. Hrs: 15)

SWM for economic development and environmental protection Linking SWM and climate change and marine litter.

UNIT V:INDUSTRIAL VISIT (Inst. Hrs: 15)

15)

SWM Industrial visit – data collection and analysis - presentation

TEXT BOOKS

1. Handbook of Solid Waste Management /Second Edition, George Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill (2002).
2. Prospects and Perspectives of Solid Waste Management, Prof. B BHosett, New Age International (P) Ltd (2006).
3. Solid and Hazardous Waste Management, Second Edition, M.N Rao, BS Publications BSP /Books (.(2020
4. Integrated Solid Waste Management Engineering Principles and Management, Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill (2014).
5. Solid Waste Management (SWM), Vasudevan Rajaram, PHI learning private limited, 2016

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1. Municipal Solid Waste Management, Christian Ludwig, Samuel Stucki, Stefanie Hellweg, Springer Berlin Heisenberg, 2012
2. Solid Waste Management Bhide A. D Indian National Scientific Documentation Centre, New Delhi Edition 1983 ASIN: B0018MZ0C2
3. Solid Waste Tchobanoglous George; Kreith, Frank McGraw Hill Publication, New Delhi 2002, ISBN 9780071356237
4. Environmental Studies Manjunath D. L. Pearson Education Publication, New Delhi, 2006 ISBN-I3: 978-8131709122
5. Solid Waste Management Sasikumar K. PHI learning, New Delhi, 2009 ISBN 8120338693

WEB SOURCES

1. <https://www.meripustak.com/Integrated-Solid-Waste-Management-Engineering-Principles-And-Management-Issues-125648>
2. <https://testbook.com/learn/environmental-engineering-solid-waste-management/>
3. https://www.meripustak.com&gclid=Cj0KCQjwuKXBhCRARIsA-gM0iVpismAJN93CHA1sX6NuNeOKLXfQJ_jxHCOVH3QXjJ1iACq30KofoaAmFsEALw_wcB
4. <https://images.app.goo.gl/tYiW2gUPfS2cxdD28>
5. <https://amzn.eu/d/5VUSTDI>

COURSE OUTCOMES:**At the end of the course, the student will be able to:****CO1-** Gained knowledge in solid waste management. **K1****CO2-** Equipped to take up related job by gaining industry exposure. **K5****CO3-** Develop entrepreneurial skills. **K3****CO4-** Will be able to analyze and manage the status of the solid wastes in the nearby areas.**K4****CO5-** Adequately sensitized in managing solid wastes in and around his/her locality. **K5****MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:**

Map course outcomes (**CO**) for each course with program outcomes (**PO**) and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2
CO5	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3